

CHARLESTOWN

Saturday Morning, February 12, 1859.

FOR GOVERNOR, JOHN LETCHER OF ROCKBRIDGE.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR R. L. MONTAGUE OF MIDDLESEX.

POR A PTORNEY GENERAL, JOHN R. TUCKER.

OF FREDERICK.

J. ROBERTSON, of Albemarle, as a candidate for the office of Judge of the Court of Appeals for the 3d Judicial Section.

We are authorized to announce Col. J. B BALDWIN of Augusta, as a candidate for the offire of Judge of the Court of Appeals for the 3rd Ju-dicial Section. [Jan. 29, '59.

The meeting to appoint Delegates to meet in the Democratic Congressional Convention at Winchester, it will be borne in mind, is to be seld in Districts No. 1, 2, and 3. at 3 o'clock, P. M., to-day.

BACKING OUT.

Our neighbor backs out from his assertion that in order to defeat Mr. Faulkner, it is necessary to defeat his nomination. He says in his last issue, that he admits no such thing, and says, "it is perfectly well understood that Mr. F. has worn out his welcome with a large portion of the Democratic party." We are aware of the fact that some good and true Democrats, would prefer to see Mr. Faulkner retire this Spring from public life, but a majority, and we believe a very large majority of the party, are anxious that he should continue to represent the District, and consequently are endeavoring to effect his nemination-not by intrigue or wire-pulling, but by fair and legitimate means. There are a number of reasons, which might be assigned, why the friends of Mr. Faulkner desire his return to Congress. They look upon him as a faithful and efficient representative, and believe him true to the interests of his constituents, and are willing to sustain him, because they have confidence in the man. There are other Democrats who oppose him upon the ground that he has held the position long enough, and assert, with some propriety, that the doctrine of rotation should prevail. Another class oppose Mr. F., because he failed to obtain for them or their friends, fat places under the Government. Of these, there is a large number in this Congressional District-more perhaps than in any other District in the United States. Some of these applicants, are no doubt worthy and deserving Democrats, and think that their claims should have been regarded-others are only Democrats, because they hope to be benefited by it. The former we would gladly see rewarded, if positions | the Northern States, accomplish? Black could be obtained for them-the latter we Republicanism first put down-a work which would like to see continued in their present positions, without reward or the prospect of

THE CRISIS OVER-THE COUNTRY SAFE!!

According to appointment, the eminent and distinguished gentlemen of the Whig party of Virginla, who have been so long buried in oblivion, that it was generally conceded that they had turned into Egyptian Mummies, or sleeping the sleep of "Rip Van Winkle," really resurrectionized, and met in grand council on Thursday last, in the city of Richmond. We shall no doubt have some rich scenes depicted through our Richmond exchanges, of which our readers shall have the benefit hereafter The telegraphic correspondent of the Baltimere Sun of yesterday,

RICHMOND Feb. 10 .- The Whig State Convention met here this morning, and was very largely at-tended. Wm. Ballard Preston was chosen presideut. The committee nominations reported for Governor Hon. Wm. L. Goggin, of Bedford. The announcement was loudly cheered and the report, adopted. Mr. Goggin is therefore the gubernators ial nominee. The remaining nominations will be made to morrow. The convention is composed of highly respectable men, and much enthusiasmis

LOUDOUN.

At a meeting of the Democratic party of Aldie, held on the 5th inst., to appoint delegates to a Legislative Convention, the following resolutions were adopted :

Resolved, That in the opinion of this meeting it is expedient to nominate candidates for the State Senate and House of Delegates.

Resolved, That we cordially approve and heartily endorse the political course of the Hon. C. J. Faulkner, and the Delegates to the Congressional District Convention, are hereby instructed to use their best exertions to secure his nomination.

We are gratified to see it stated, that our old and respected friend, a native of this -county, and for many years an influential and prominent citizen thereof, Maj. A. J. O'BANNON, has been nominated to the Senate for the Fourth Auditorship, made vacant by death. We hope the Senste, with one consent, may confirm the nomination, as a compliment no less to our county, than as an honor to one who is most eminantly deserve

The example of the galian. Wings of Virginia in setting up opposition to the Pertersburg nominees, and in resolving to wage a vigorous warfare against the bogus Democracy, in the coming contest, is duly appreciated and admired by our political comrades in other states .- Rich. Whig.

No doubt, it is said there were others found centuries ago, who would rather rule in Hell than be door-keeper in Heaven.

A mammoth hotel to cost \$750,000 is in course of erection in Philadilphia, and will be ready for occupancy about a year hence. Paran Stevens of Boston has leased it at an annual rent of \$40,000.

The last Winchester Republican contains the following in reference to Col. JOHN B. BALDWIN, of Augusta, and Andrew Hunter. Esq.; of Jefferson:

"The Rockingham Register says it is 'authorized to state that Col. John B. Baldwin will vote for Letcher.' Our contemporary must assuredly be mistaken. Col. Baldwin has been announced more than once as one of the distinguished gentlemen who would attend the Richmond convention, and his name was among the most prominently mentioned in connection with the nomination for Governor, of the State with no sign of disinclination on his part, until he became a candidate for the vacant seat in the Supreme Court of Appea's. He can scarcely have discovered a change in his politics so soon, nor can it be believed that he can con-sent to link his fortunes to a party who ejected his estimable father from a position which he graced so truly, and who darkened his last days with the ingratitude of a people whom he had so faithfully

'It is not so difficult, however, to understand that Andrew Hunter is preparing to cross the river (the Stygian) and 'destroy the bridge after him,' for he has been 'wiring in and wiring out' ever since he made his late campaign speech in this place, from which none of his auditors could tell which of the Presidential candidates he preferred to support. In a letter to the editor of the Freder-icksburg Herald, which we shall publish, he withdraws his name from a prospective association on the opposition ticket, because, as he alleges, there are considerations of public duty and of a political character in the way, which I cannot disregard. Now, what are these 'considerations.' If Mr. Hunter wants to be a Demograt let him have the maniness to come out at once and say so, let the opinions of his own political associates be what they be, or rather. what they inevitably must be It is too late for Mr. Hunter to change his own political creed upon clear convictions of public duty, and most unfortunately of all he is debarred the privilege of pleading the Know Nothing bugbear as ais excuse, for he was among the first to crawl into the culvert, with a dark-lautern, and make the acquaintance of Sam. Well let him go and all such like him, for the party will be the purer for the cleansing, and when all its excresences are cast off,

the honest body of the people will come over to us, and leave the deserters alone in their glory.'

Some time since, we admonished our Whig friends of the propriety of catechising some of their favorite candidates for Governor, before they adopted them as their standard bearers - and now the wisdom of our advice can be seen. What is true of Col. Baldwin and Andrew Hunter, is also true of Col. R. E. Scott, of Fanquier, and others. The truth is, there is no longer a Whig party. Know-Nothingism swallowed it whole in 1855, and those who could not go 'Sam' and his miserable clap-trap about 'furriners' and Catholics, were left without a party, and have been forced to seek quarters elsewhere. And where could they go except to the Democratic party? Let who will attempt to disguise it, there is in truth but two parties in the country-Democratic and Black Republican .-Virginians and all Southerners have to choose between them; and intelligent and patriotic men like Col. Baldwin, R. E. Scott, and Andrew Hunter, cannot be expected to sympathise with Black Republicanism-the deadly enemy of the South. The effort of the Rich mond Whig-a paper which has been more bitter in its denunciations of Know-Nothingism, alias 'Americanism,' than Henry A Wise himself-to reinstate the old Whig party, at this juncture of polical affairs, is one of the most absurd propositions of the day. It is a moon-struck scheme, which will, like the 'Distribution' movement, which had the same origin, (the Editor of the Whig) all end in smoke. Nothing practical or good can result from it. In the North, where the great body of the Whig party was to be found, there is no longer such a party-not a grease-spot of it remains. What can a Whig party in the South, unaided by a Whig party in any of all Southerners should unite to accomplishand which another Presidential defeat, we believe, will accomplish-then there may be a

re-formation of parties; but not before. We, therefore, think a union of the parties at the South against the common enemy of Black Republicanism, is natural and proper. and reflects the highest honor on the patriotism of those who unite in such a cause. If the Democratic Party cannot put down Black Republicanism, what party can? The Whigs of the South are left to go somewhere -and the Democratic party, the only national and conservative party, is, we repeat, the natural and proper place for them. To assign selfish motives to those who may under these circumstances be found acting with the Democratic party, is unkind.

Postscript.-The last Rockingham Register says: "It is due to Col. Baldwin to say that the statement in the last Register, 'We are authorised to say that Col. Baldwin will vote for John Letcher,' was made without the knowledge of Col. Baldwin. It is due to ourselves to say that we merely intended to express our own belief as to the vote of Col. B. founded upon our knowledge that the Col. occupied no party position which could prevent his thus manifesting his high regard for John Letcher, who is his warm personal friend."

The above, it will be perceived, leaves in doubt the vote of Col. Baldwin for Governor. [Winchester Virginian.

On the above bull of excommunication by the Winchester Republican, without even the trial by a jury of his peers, the Leesburg Mirror has the following. We shall leave it to our friend of the Fredericksburg Herald, to settle the matter with the supercilious Re-

UNKIND .- The Mirror says: It is remarkable with what rapidity the opinion of opposition friends changes in regard to gentlemen who have the boldness and the independence to cut loose from their scuttled craft and join the Democracy. An-DREW HUNTER, Esq., of Jefferson, whose name had been used in connection with the 10th of February omination in Richmond, published a letter with drawing his name from such association-an exract from which we have before published—because there are considerations of public duty and of olitical character in the way which I (he) cannot disregard.' For thus doing what he had a perfect right to do, he is receiving the anathemas of his whilom friends most lustily. We remember when the name of Hunten was regarded by the Whigs of the Jid Eight District as the very synonym of all all that was good, and pure, and noble, and great; but times have changed, and he is now denounced as an 'excresence' from whose riddance the party be left purer. We do not know that Mr. Hunter in tends to co-operate with the Democracy; but if he, does, we are satisfied that he has no disire to conceal the fact when occasion demands its avowal Duplicity is a crime that we never heard him charged with, until he declined association with the mon

GEORGE W. SMITH, Esq., son of Capt. John F. Smith, was elected Constable in District No. 2, on Saturday week, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Wm. J. Roberts. The election, as we learn, was quite an exciting one, but the "Smith family" generally, the world over, are hard to beat.

grel cross of Whiggery and Know Nothingism.

In pursuance of the custom of our county, for many years past, we gave notice through our last paper, at the request of many of our Democratic friends, of the time and place of holding such meetings, to appoint Delegates to represent Jefferson county through its several Districts in the Congressional Convention to be held in Winchester, on the 16th of March. Whilst the other Districts have, doubtless, acquiesced in the call of the meets ings on to-day, we regret to find there has been some misapprehension on the part of our Harper's Ferry friends. From what cause, if any, we are unacquainted. Our only object being to do exact justice to all, and follow that course which we hope will best promote the harmony and success of the Democratic party, can only subjoin the following correspondence, leaving to our Harper's Ferry friends the choice of dissension on the one hand, or unity of action on the other.

Democratic Meeting at Harpers-Ferry

In pursuante to notice, the Democratic Party of District No. 8, met at the Mayor's Office, Harpers Ferry, at half past 7 o'clock, Wednesday evening The meeting was called to order by the election of Mr. ADAM BROWN, as President, and Twos. W. President stated the object of the meeting to be, to appoint delegates to represent that precinct in the Congressional Convention, to meet in Winchester on the 16th of March next. On motion, it was

Res lved, That candidates for delegates should be nominated in open meeting and voted for. The following gentlemen were selected under said resolution:

DELEGATES. ALTERNATES. Henry W. Clowe, George Koonce, S. V. Yantis, Basil Avis, A. M. Ball, Joseph Price. Thomas T. Earnshaw, J. F. Sponseller. John D. Hobbs. On motion of Mr. Wm. Snook, the following reso ition was unanimously adopted

the right of selecting a suitable candidate to represent our interests in the Congress of the United On motion, it was Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Spirit of Jefferson. On motion, the meeting adjourned.

Feb. 9th, 1856.

Resolved, That we have implicit confidence in the

intelligence, honesty and capability of the delegates

appointed by this meeting, and confer upon them

HARPERS-FERRY, February 10, 1859. B. F. REALL, Esq., Dear Sir:-Please announce in four paper of Saturday next, 12th inst. a Demo ratic Meeting, to be held at the Mayor's Office of this place, on Saturday Evening next at 71 o'clock or the purpose of appointing Delegates for the 8th District, to the Congressional Convention, to be held at Winchester on the 16th of March next. Also,one in Bolivar, for District No. 7, to be held at the North Bolivar School-House, on the same evening, Yours, respectfully, THOMAS W. SHRIVER. t the same hour.

N. B. The Chairman Mr. Adam Brown, and my olf Secretary of the Meeting called on yesterday for the night of the same day, decline to publish over our names the proceedings, for the reason that, from the short notice and inclement evening, a fair exression of the Precinct was not had. THOS. W. SHRIVER.

THE LABOR OF "LOVE."

Our neighbor of the Alexandria Sentine has so well and satisfactorily answered our neighbor of the Free Press, as to his exceeding desire, (as manifested through his last issue,) to save the Democracy from intestine commotion within cropen revolt without, that we are in duty bound to offer hlm some panacea for his now troubled nerves. The Sen-

"The Harmonies of Party."

Our Opposition contemporaries are making merv over the dissentions among the Democrats in ongress,-and truly they are not as harmonious as a happy family' should be. But these difficulties vill soon be quieted, either by good sense or the 4th of March. At the very worst, Congress will soon disperse, the 'agitation meetings' will close, and the great 'healing virtue 'of the Democratic Constitution will do the rest. Our 'wounds' never open wide, and rarely fester, or linger in the cure We do not understand however, how it is that th Opposition can find time, in the midst of their difficulties, too look at ours. The union of the Opposition have been forbidden by Seward, in his Rochester speech, and by Washburne, in the House of Representatives, except upon terms of the most extreme abolition sectionalism; and these men represent the strength of the anti Democracy. But to come home to Virginia politics, we find but little more to encourage them. The artificial heat which the press has been attempting to excite in reference to the Opposition Convention at Richmond, to-morow, (the 10th,) has been witnessed with a quie humor, by the Democratic press; but surely never did a smaller company beat louder drums, or upon less encouragement. They were calling upon Andrew Hunter as probable leader in the battle. Hunter says, 'no,' gentlemen, -- 'political' consider ations and 'public duty' forbid. They draw the fire of R. E. Scott. He tells them that he is an armed neutral' in the present conflict of parties and wishes them all a good time. Nothing daunt-ed and too prudent to be sensitive, they put him at the head of their list of delegates from Warren-ton, and publica with a flourish, that he is expected at the Richmond Convention. What they will make out of him if they get him there, we are curious too see. If he treads no steps backward, -and he is not in the habit of doing so; they will be glad to have him away. If he should read his Alexaudria letter as a preamble to his speech, he wil not be seriously disturbed by the applause. John B. Baldwin, is another who has been hamed for the Championship. He runs for judge, and it is thought, will vote Letcher. Thus they go,—crying out that the Democrats

are divided and rallying to the lively injunctions of the facetious Ridgeway, to "Vote Early." 'Tis pleasant joke, got up by our friends to pass the time. Well,—'tis better to be merry than sad.'

, WARREN SENATORIAL DISTRICT.

We regret to see our friends, for we have a right to claim them all as such, engaged in controversy of so much bitterness and asperity, as to who shall be the next candidate for Senatorial honors from the District of Frederick, Clarke and Warren. Dr. O. R. Funsten, having discharged the duties of his office with such entire satisfaction to his District, declines, under all circumstances, a renomination. Several gentlemen have been nominated for his place, either or any of whom are eminently worthy of the place .-Why, therefore, attempt to prejudice their claims by a needless controversy as to the superiority of the one man over the other ?-They are all good men and true, and we hope you will hold your convention and nominate good Democrat, and then sustain him by a united vote, and success is certain.

The Warrenton Flag of a recent date, announces the death, under circumstances very distressing, at Morrisville, in that county, of Mr. James T. Suddoth, Jr., son of Mr. Jas. T. Suddoth. The hands on the farm were engaged in hauling bay, and the young man being in the bay-mow when the wagon drove up, jumped off on the wagon, running a fork in his groin some several inches. He made an effort to reach the house, but fell and breathed his last after only a few steps. He was about 17 years of age, and quite a promising youth.

On Saturday night last, there was a Congressional Democratic Caucus for the purpose of devising ways and means to bring the expenses of Govern. ment within the receipts of the Treasury from the

As impartial public journalists we could not feel justified in with holding from our readers the veryigrave and powerful objections which the editor of the Clarke Journal presents against the re-election of the present representative to Congress. All should know them, that they may be carefully weighed by the people in the selection of delegates to the approaching Congressional Convention .-We have been ourselves inclined to favor Mr. F.'s return to the House of Representatives

but if he means to enslave the people by his "kindness"-if he aims at the subversion of their liberties by his "blandishments" and intends to declare himself a Dictator in this Republic, through the means of his "accommodating spirit," we must unite with his enemies and with the friends of constitutional liberty, in bringing his vaulting ambition to ap end. Listen to the Journal':

The Democratic doctrine has placed the seal of its condemnation on artificial hindrences or restraints or influences in respect to free trade; so should doctrine condemn interference with free elec tion, free choice, obtaining of supply free,-uninfluenced uncontrolled-in respect to all the just wants of society embracing the offices. The man who will interfere with this freedom is an enemy to free trade, is an enemy to Democracy, an enemy to self government—bas all the elements of the tyrant who would usurp the rights and mar the liberty and freedom of the people. In this light let us view Faulkner. Does he res

pect this right of free choice? Does he not wind TIONEER SO assidiously, so industriously, so untiringly, so successfully that he is more distinguished for his electioneering qualities than anything else. What is this but dictation. And we might well ask the question, 'Have we a dictator among us. Faulkner dictates the election. As well might one in commercial matters dictate where you should make your purchasers or affect your sales, in defiance of this great Democratic doctrine, Buy where you can buy cheapest and sell where you can sell highest.' Here we have interference restraint cor trol, high tariff, protection, no free trade, and also an imperious, officious dictation in respect to the manner of fi ling our offices. Because it amounts to dictation and constraint for a man to election eer as efficiently as Faulkner does. Who can resist him? Who can resist his kindness, his blandishments, his presents, his desires and almost entreaties for the office? Who can resist his kindness, his blandishments, his presents, his desires and almost entreaties for the office? Who can resist his kind offices, his 'hail fellow well met' with every body, his accommodating spirit, and all these things characteristic of an adroit electroneerer and a demagogue-who may have no more concern for the people in his heart than a stone.

But the editor has another grave objection to Mr. Faulkner. It is, that he will not come to any open quarrel with Buchanan or Wise. He cannot comprehend how it is possible that he can occupy friendly relations to both these gentlemen. He is absolutely on thorns because Mr. Faulkner will not make an effort to kick up a row in the Democratic party. He even proceeds mathematically to demonstrate the unpardonable neutrality of Mr. Faulkner:

When we studied mathematics things that were equal to the same thing were equal to each other and this principle might be used to reach a reductio ad absurdum. Now, apply it; Buchanan and Wise are equal (that is like in their policy) to Faulkner; therefore Wise and Buchanan agreeing with the same thing (Faulkner) agree with each other, the reductio ad absurdum, for they are known to be as wide apart as the poles. The consequence is that it is impossible for Faulkner to agree with both. However desirable that might be, with respect to these two, blow hot and cold at the same time, cannot carry water on both shoulders, cannot send forth, out of the same fountain, both litter waters and sweet. Faulkner, Faulkner, choose you this day whom you will serve,' and or

A VIRGINIAN IN TEXAS.

Most of our readers are aware of the fact, that Mr. F. M. EICHELBERGER, of our county, lately disposed of his beautiful estate, with a view of locating in some portion of Texas. As will be seen by an extract we publish below from the "San Antonio Heral I," Mr. E. is now travelling through that State, and is highly gratified with the fertility of the soil and the prospects of the growing State .-The "Herald" says!

We met yesterday with a very intelligent gentleman from Virginia, Mr. Eichelberger, who is travelling through our country, looking at it with an eye to settlement. In a conversation with him concerning the relative advantages of this country, as compared with the portion of Virginia in which he recides, (the Sheuandoah Valley, not far from Harper's Ferry,) he gave decided preference to Texas. He tells us that farmers in Virginia, using their utmost exertions, seldom make more than five per cent, on their capital, whilst many fall below that. Wheat is the chief article of produce and he tells us the production of that article has become extremely precarious there; the past year the crop did not exceed five bushels to the acre. in consequence of which times are very hard, aud many are looking for homes in newer countries. Missouri has bitherto been the outlet for emigration, but Mr. E. thinks that Texas will hereafter come in for a fair share of those seeking new homes. The only advantage Missouri possesses over Virginia consists in the cheaper price of lands; the rigors of climate and the necessity of feeding through winter are about the same. Here we have the advantage of cheaper lands, entire exemption from severe weather and the necessity of feeding, as well as a more healthy country, and a climate admitting a more va-

ried production. These are the opinions of an intelligent, oractical Virginia farmer, who has investigated the subject thoroughly, and who has made up his mind to abide the remainder of his days in some of the beautiful valleys of Western Texas. He is fascinated with the mountain region of our country, and as a wool and wheat producing country and with our never failing streams for mills and stock grazing.

Texas has already a large number of Vira ginians within her limits, and we are gratified at the prospect of a further accession to the

The persons principally charged with having resisted the officers of Rockingham county, in the re-arrest of Mr. Geo. E. Deneale, (whose case has become somewhat notorious throughout the State,) were Messrs. M. Maddux, of Alexandria, formerly of Berryville, and Dr. Maddux, of Winchester .-After hearing the testimony, Squire Hardesty recognized them to appear before the Grand Jury, and required them to enter into bonds to keep the peace. They gave the required security and were discharged.

We have been told from our boyish days to the present time, that Fredericksburg was a hundred miles from anywhere, but the fact was never more clearly demonstrated than on yesterday, when we received that interesting and independent journal, the Fredericksburg Recorder, of the date, May 22, 1858, containing the speech of R. A. Pryor, Esq., at the Charleston Convention during the last Spring. The speech is a most excellent one, and comes better late than never-

This young and rising gentleman, the son WM. L. CLARK, Esq., has been prominently nominated for the Legislature, from Frederick county, as well as suggested for the State Senate from that District. From our own personal knowledge, we most heartily endorse the following tribute to his worth, from the Leesburg Mirror:

"We observe by a recent number of the Winchester Virginian, that the above named gentleman has been announced for a seat in the next Virginia House of Delegates. From our personal knowledge of his heart and mind, his high attainments and ample qualifications we are unacquainted with no man in the county of Frederick, of his age, so well gau!ified for a representative. We hope that the geople of Frederick may elect Mr. Clark to this position, as we feel confident it will confer benefit upon them and credit to himself."

PALSE AS USUAL!

It is a fixed rule with the abolitionists, whenever they may chance to find the advertisement of some absconding refugee from labor, to declare to the uninformed portion of the South, that they have safely escaped into Canada by the underground railroad, as a vexation to the South. Witness the follows

"MR. WASHINGTON'S SLAVE JOE .- The Boston correspondent of the Worcester Spy, says that John A. Washington's fugitive slave Joe, for whose apprehension a reward of \$500 was offered, recently passed through that city. in dompany with five other fugitives, on their way to Canada."

As to Mr. Washington's slave there is not one particle of truth in the above. He was arrested in this town by Capt. John Avis, for which a reward of \$100 bad been offered. and is now in the Jail of Alexandria.

Democratic Meeting.

Pursuant to public actice, a meeting of the Democrats of District No. 4, Jefferson county, Va., was held at Jefferson Hall, on Friday, Feb. 11, 1859, at 2 o'clock, when on motion of C. B. Harding, N. W. MANNING, was called to the Chair, and BENJ. F, BEALL, appointed Secretary.

C. B. Harding moved that the President appoint five delegates and five alternates to attend the Winchester Convention to nominate a candidate for Congress.

Minor Hurst moved to amend the motion of Mr. Harding by appointing a committee of five to select and name the delegates and alternates.

This amendment was adopted, and the felowing gentlemen appointed by the Chair, viz :- Minor Harst, James H. Moore, Wm. West, John T. Gibson and Wm. H. Moore. The committee after retiring, returned with

the following report: DELEGATES. ALTERNATES. James II. Moore, Wm. West. John Moore, Wm. H. Moore, Minor Hurst. E. M. Aisquith, Jere Harris, Thomas Link. John T. Gibson. Craven Trussell.

The resolutions offered by D. Smith Eichelberger, in a spirit of facetiousness, are unavoidably crowded out. They were voted down without a division. On motion, the meeting adjourned.

N. V. MANNING, Chm'n. B. F. BEALL, Sec'y.

Next Senator.

Mr. Euron-A number of gentlemen have been ooken of as suitable candidates for the State Sen-e. Without saying anything against the merits or claims of any one named, I but consult the views of a large portion of the Democracy of both Berke and Jefferson counties, in naming Dr. G. A. HAMILL, in connection with this honor.

This gentleman, for the last twelve years, or since be took up his residence in Virginia, has zealogsly devoted himself to the interests of the party; and perbaps has done as much as any other man in building it up in Berkeley County. the great working man of the party, has never asked any favors of it, and I am not sure that he would accept the nomination if proffered him, as he is it possession of a very lucrative practice in his protession, but it is due his merits that the offer be made him. Dr. Hamil's prominence as a gentleman and politician repders it unnecessary for me to say anything of his standing and capacity. Let the party weigh his claims and act accordingly. JEFFERSON.

CONGRESSIONAL AND WASHINGTON ITEMS.

In the House of Representatives, on Tuesday, the Homestead Bill was passed, by a vote of 120 to 76 This bill proposes to give to every citizen, who is at the head of a family, and to such as have declared their intention to become citizens, the right to enter a quarter section of land: the location to be on lands subject to entry, at one dollar and a quarter per acre. We believe all the members from Virginia, without hesitation, would vote against

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.-A bill has passed both Houses of Congress, making donations of public lands to the several States for the purchase of founding Agricultural Colleges. In the Senate there was considerable discussion on it. In the affirmrtive, says the National Intelligencer, it was maintained that Congress had full power to dispose of the pub lie lands for the purpose indicated, which, by fostering agricultural education would tend to op the resources and promote the prosperity of the country. The agriculturalists were interested in the diffusion of useful knowledge on the subject of their vocation, and it was time that Congress, while legislating for other branches of industry, should pay some attention to the claims preferred by the ost numerous and the most important of all. the other hand, the bill was opposed both in its principles and details; on the former ground cause of an alleged want of power on the part of Congress to make the grants to the several States, which it was urged, would fail to derive any substantial renefit from such donations, as because of the defective provisions of the bill, they would en ure almost solely to the advantage of land speculators, besides squandering a large portion of the

The Washington Republic says a petition to Congress is in circulation, in the name of 'free colored ing for the establishment of a colony of their class upon some sparsely settled Southern portion of our own continent where they may be under the protection of the Government of their native counry and have its fostering care,' &c. This move is the work of Abolitionists in and

out of Congress, rather than of those whose names may be signed to it, who in permitting themselves to be thus used, are injuring their status here. The Committee on Military Affairs of the House

of Representatives have referred the Oregon and Washington war debt claims to the Auditor of the Treasury, to compute them on the same basis that the government paid for supplies for the regulars during the Indian hostilities in 1855 and '56, and to report the amounts to the next Congress. The Washington Union 'lays down the law,

with regard to the present state of affairs and throws the whole responsibility on Congress. It It is clear that either the duties levied on im-

ports must be increased above the present rate of nineteen per cent, or that the present system of legislation calling for an expenditure of \$60,000,000 must be changed. Either the gar ments must made to fit the man, or the man dwarfed to fit the garments. It would seem to be too late in the session for the the second alternative, and it follows that Congress is bound, on the basis of its own lsig slation, either to raise the duties on importations above the average rate of nineteen per cent. to a standard more nearly that of a revenue standard, or to adopt the maxim that a public debt is a public blessing,' and provide for meeting the demands of their own legislation by adding new loans to the public debt. The dilemma is purely and exclusively a congressional dilemma, and it remains to be seen whether the statesmanship of the present Congress is equal to the exigencies of the

Senator Hammond, of South Carolina, sen the following letter to the Boston Anniversary of the birth-day of Webster. It breathes the same fraternal spirit and conservative tone that distinguished his celebrated Speech at Barnwell Court House last fall, and quickly placed him in a prominent and esteemed position before the entire country. DEAR Siz: I am very grateful to you, and to those whom you represent, for your polite invitation to attend your dinner in Boston on the 18th in honor of Mr. Websters birth-day; and for the kind assurances accompanying it, in which

My duties here, however, so entirely engage all ny attention, that I must respectfully decline your invitation. You say, that in the revolution, Massachusetts

and South Carolina stood shoulder to shoulder.' It would be well for the world if they 'stood so now!

And why do they not? To have brought about their present one of whom must have erred muchpossibly both. Another age will decide between us. Born and Bred in South Carolina, of which State my mother is a native, my father is a Massachu-setts man-college friend Mr. Webster-and descended, I am proud to say, from your earliest Puritan immigrants. In the antagonistic position of these two small but noble States, I have personally much to regret—as a patriot, much more. I wish the breach could be filled up and obliterated. I we have done you wrong, if we have been the ag-gressors, I think that I can assure you that there is not a man in South Carolina who is conscious of it—not one who would interfere with any of your institutions-not one who would thwart in the least any of your peculiar and legitimate finterests; and could it be shown that we have done any of these things, not one but would desire to make prompt and ample reparation. If the same spirit animates the people of Massachusetts to the same extent, we may ustly hope that—the deluding falsehoods of political aspirants trampled under foot-our two States may yet stand 'shoulder to shoulder,' the pillars of constitutional republic wisely and justly administered forthe protection for the advancement of all. without special privileges and endowment to any section, class or individual, but incuring to and each the full developement of themselves. Your obedient servan Washington, Dec. 22d, 1858.

Special Notices

It is a common observation that there are more sufferers from debility, among Anericans, than can be lound among any other civilized nation.—
There son is obvious We take to little exercise, and forget the wants of the body in the absorbing pursuits of business. In all such cases, ordinary medicines can do little good. What is required is just such a toni and invigorator as Dr. J. Hostetter has given to the world, in his CELERRATED has given to the world, in his CELEBRATED BITTERS." The weak and nervous denizen of the counting-house, the exhausted toller upon the shop board, and the prostrated student of the mid-night lamp, have found a wonderful regenerator in 'Bitters,' and prefer it to more pretentious, but less efficacious medicines. But it should not be for gotten that the agent which is so magical in its in fluence upon a frame which is merely debilitated, is equally powerful in assisting nature to expel the most terrible forms of disease. Who will not give it most terrible forms of disease. Who will not give it a trial? Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. WHAT THEY SAY IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

ABBEVILLE, S. C., Aug. 21, 1858. Messrs. FARREL, HERRING & CO.,

Gentlemen. - The close attention which our own affairs have required since the fire, has hitherto prevented us from writing you about the Safe.
On occasion of the fire 19th July, by which we suffered a large loss, our store, with a number of other buildings was consumed. The Safe, of your manufacture, which we had in the store, was ex-posed to a most intense heat, as is well attested by the effects on its strong iron frame, which, from the elects on its strong iron frame, which, from its flaked and scaly apparance, looks as though it had been heated for a long time in a furnace. The Safe, with heaps of molten glass and kegs of nails, fused into a mass, fell into the cellar, surrounded by burning materials, and there was suffered to remain, (as the contents had been removed before the fire reached us.) until the 2nd day of August, 14 days afterwards.

the fire reacned us., until the said days afterwards.

14 days afterwards.

The difficulty in cutting it open with the best tools that could be procured, convinced us of its power to resist the attempts of burglars, and when t was opened, we found the interior, to the as-onishment of all, entirely uninjured by fire. This test has so fully convinced us of the capa bilities of your Safes, that we would not part with the one we have in use for a large sum, were we debarred the privilege of getting another.

Respectfully yours, R. H. WARDLAW & SON. November 16, 1858-3m.

Wistar's Basam of W d Cherry. The editor of the Boston Post says—"We hav not, until recently, been acquainted experimentally with the true value of Wistar's Balsam. From this truly valuable preparation we have received a present benefit, having recently used it in a case of a severe cold and cough, with entire success, and most cheerfully recommend it to those alike afflict ed. It is a scientific preparation and worthy

Dr. Bradford Knapp, of Crown Point, N. Y., a letter dated August 3, says, "In the course of my practice in this vicinity.

I have tested the good qualities of Wistar's Balsam
of Wild Cherry in Palmonary complaints, and I
now wish to procure a supply of the medicine.

None genuine unless signed I. BUTTS on the

AGENTS.—C. E. Beller & Co. and Campbell & Cooke, Charlestown; Joseph E. Clagett, Harper's Ferry; William Moulder. Shepherdstown; Wil. on & Timberlake, Rippon; Smith & Son, Mid dleway.

OXYGENATED BITTERS. WORCESTER, June 27, 1854.

Gentlemen .- After suffering much for two years past from Dyspepsia, I was induced to purchase of your agent in Wo cester, a bottle of your Oxygena-ted Bitters, and after a trial of less than two bottles, I find myself radically cured.

I have not the least hesitation in recommending complaint You are at liberty to use this as yo think best to further the sale of this excellent med

Yours truly, JOHN GRAY. Any Individual suffering from weakness and de rangement of the stomach, nervousness or debility in any form can be cured by this excellent medi,

Seth W. Fowle & Co., Boston, Proprietors. Sold by their agents every where.

MARRIED.

On the 4th inst., by Rev. Wm. S. Hammond, Rev. NICHOLAS MORGAN to Miss FRAN-CES L. RUDASILLER-both of Shenandoah

On the 3d inst., by Rev C. H. Hill, FREDER-ICK SCHLEY, of Md., to FLORENCE, daughter of R. C. Washington, of Washington, D. C. In Alexandria, on the 27th ult, by Rev. D P. Willis, ROBT G. ALNUTT and Miss MAR THAS ISH, both of Loudoun. On the 6th ult., by Rev. Mr Robey, SAMUEL MORELAND and Miss LIZZIE J. BRACKET,

both of Clarke county. On the 11th ult., at St. Louis, Mo., by Rev. Mr

Schuyler, JOHN Y. PAGE formerly of Clarke county, and Miss ELIZABETH, daughter of the late Judge Wash.

DEATHS.

On Sunday the 6th inst., in Baltimore, SAM-UEL E., youngest son of John I, and Catharine T Payne, aged 2 years and 4 months.

On the 5th inst., in Baltimore, JOHN W., youngest son of John W. and Sarah C. Baker, aged 3 years and 6 months. On the 30th ult., at his residence in this county.

of Consumption, Mr. GEO. ATKINSON, in the 43d year of his age. Near Wheatland, Loudeun County, on the 25th ult., of Scarlet Fever. NANCY C., e dest dan heter of Noble B. and Lucinda Peacock, aged 7

On 9th of December, 1858, at Springfield, Itl Mrs. PLEASANTS HOUGH, consort of John Hough, E-q., formerly of Hillsborough, Loudoun county, in the 68th year of her age.

LAST NOTICE.

THE undersigned in eonsequence of the favorable to blo change in the weather—and business having improved, will remain yet a few days in Charlestown. Those who want a fine image of themselves or friends, call at the Spirit Building, where they can find a fine supply of all kinds and styles of plain and fancy cases, Medalions, Gold and Imitation, Breast Pins, Rings, &c., very cheap. Feb. 12, 759.

A B. McCAUSLAND. PLASTER FOR SALE.

WE have on hand a large supply of GROUND PLASTER, which we will dispose of on the isual terms to punctual costomers. Country produce taken in exchange at marker price. Also, a lot of good EX FRA and SUPER FLOUR for sale at the HALLTOWN MILLS. F. YATES & CO. Feb. 12, '59.-to Ap.1.*

HILLSBOROUGH AND H. F. TURNPIKE CO. THE Annual meeting of the above named company, will be held at the Toll House of the Shenandoah Bridge Co, in the town of Harper's-Ferry, on Friday the 25th inst., at 10'clnck, P. M. By Order, J. E. P. DANGERFIELD, Feb. 12, '59.-tm. Sec'y. & Tress. Sec'y. & Treas.

· 一定是更新性性的特殊。

WHAT THE PRESS SAY.

"Costas's" Exterminators are invaluable remaides for clearing houses of all sorts of verminimity with all confidence we recomend them—N.Y. Daily State Register.

"Costas's" remedies for all domestic pes is, such as Rats, Roaches, Bed-Bugs, Anis, Fleas, &c., an invaluable; we can speak from actual knowledge of their merits. Druggists and Dealers should seem of their orders early, if they would seeme a trade in them.—N.Y. Journal, April 1st.

ROBERT C. HANCOCK. (E c. "Banner,") Fayette, Mo. "I shall write something about your Exterminator, as I can do so with propriety. They are selling rapidly here and destroying all verminator.

" DEATH TO ALL VERMIN" As SPRING approaches,
ANTS and ROACHES,
From their holes come out,
And Mics and RATS,
Despite of CATS,
Gaily skip about.
Rep. Russ hite

BED-BUGS bite You, in the night,
As on the bed you slumber,
While INSECTS crawl
Thro' chamber and hall,

In squads v ithout number.

It is truly wonderful with what certainty, Rats, Ro aches, Mice, Moles, Ground Mice, Bed-bugs, Ants, Mots, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Insects on Animals, in short every species of Vermia, are utterly destroyed and exterminated by Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c. Exterminator. "Costar's" Bed-bug Exterminator, "Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects Supplied direct by mail to any address in the United States, as follows:

On Meipt of \$1,00, a box of the Rat, Roach, &c. On receipt of \$2,00, a box each of the Rat, Roach, In receipt of \$2,00, a Dox cach of the Kat, Roach, &c. Exterminator and Electric Powder, sent (postage paid,) and sufficient to destroy the vermin on any premises
Sold by Druggisis and Dealers every where.
NEW-YORK, WHOLESALE AGENTS.
"COSTAR'S" Principal Depot, 420 Broadway, N Y.
P. S.—Circulars, terms, &c. sent by mail on application.

February 12, 1859 .- 1y

GOETZ & CO. GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOFORTE MANUFACTORY

NO. 84 CAMDEN STREET. (Between Sharp and Howard ,) OPPOSITE NATIONAL HOTEL, BALTIMORE, MD

WHE subscribers would respectfully call the attention of the public, to the superior tone and fine finish of their New and Improved Pianos. The care, skill and attention which have been bestowed upon the manufacture of these instruments, have secured for them the unqualified approbation of all competent judges, who have pronquinced them, for sweetness of tone, clearness, strength of vibration and elasticity of touch, superior to any Plane ever manufactured in Baltimore; so far as respects their excellence of fabrication, the manufacturers can confidently assert, that every improvement that mechanical skill or ingenuity can suggest, has been brought into requisition, while the finish and general ornamentation is at once unique and seasing to the eye. The practical knowledge and enlarged experience of the manufacturers, has enabled them to arrive at a result which cannot fail to prove gratified at the control of the contro ifsing to every lover of sweet sounds; it is there fore with entire confidence they now invite the at tention of the community to the instruments of their manufacture, and in so doing, feel well assured that every purchaser will realize the correctness of the foregoing statement. It is with pleasure that the manufacturers announce that at the fair of the Maryland Institute, held in October last, they RE-CEIVED THE ONLY MEDAL that was awarded

PRICE3 - New 7 Octave Piano from \$225 up to \$400, our own manufacture. 63-All orders promptly attended to fig-Old Pianos taken, exchanged, hired, and re-aired. [Feb. 12, '59.-1y.

BALTIMORE COMMERCIA: COLLEGE. Founded 1852 LOCATED Chartered 1954 CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND CHARLES STS. BALTIMORE, MD.

The Largest and most Elegantly Furnished Commercial College in the United States. VERY young man should write immediately for Clone of those large and beautifully ornamented circulars, representing the exterior and interior view of the BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, Penma ship, &., which will be sent by return mail, rage of charge with Catalogue containing list of Students, terms of tuition, opini ns of the Press on our new system of new Book Keeping, etc.

E. K. Losier, Principal-Lecturer on the Science of Accounts, Business, Cu-toms, etc.
J. M. Philips, Professor of Bock Keeping and Com-mercial Calculations.

mercial Calculations.

H. H. Davies, Associate Prof. of Book Keeping.

N. C. Johnson, Professor of Penmananip.

S. T. Williams, Esq., Mer. actile Law. Rev. E. Y. Reese, D D., Commercial Ethics.

TRUSTEES. Hon. Jno. P. Kennedy, | Hon. Joshua Vansant, Hon. Thomas Swann, Wm. H. Keighler. Esq., Jacob Trust, Esq., Wm. Knabe, Esq. The time usually required to complete the fullicourse, from 8 to 12 weeks.

ourse, from 8 to 12 weeks.
A Diploma is awarded to all Graduates.
Large Circulars and Catalogues, stating terms. &c., sent by mail, free of charge. Address E K. LOS ER, Baltimore, Md. February 12. '59.-1y.

HOWARD D. O'NEILL.] DRUGS, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, de, de, c.

Oneill & Fischer (SUCCESSORS TO SMITH AND ATKINSON,) No. 13 S. Sharp Street, near Bullimore st. BALTIMORE, MD.

OFFER for sale a large and general assortment f Patent and Family Medicines, Paints, Oils, Window Gless, Dye Stuffs, Ferfumery, Cigars, Chewin and Smoking Tobacco, Surgical Instruments, &c. Having had 25 years ex crience in the b siness, enables them to urnish genuine articles from the most reliable extent for Druggists, Country Merchants and Physicians. Orders promotly executed and goods securely packed, it being their desire a heretofore, to merit the confidence of their customers. Merchants and Physicians. hants and Druggists will please call and exam-

ine our stock before purchasing.

A catalogue will be sent gratuitously to all those who desire them, with the current market rates quoted to those articles which may be pointed out THE UNDER SIGNED HAVE SOLD OUT their

A stock of Drugs, &c., to Howard D, O'Neill, who has associated with him Mr. George J. Fischer, and will continue the business at their late stand, No. 13 South Sharp street, under the name of O'NEILL & FISCHER. In retiring we take pleasure in recommending our successors to the cus-tomers, as it will le their endeavor to deserve the confidence heretofore reposed in the old establish-ment, and to keep up its reputation, as a place where genuine and reliable articles can always be had at the most reasonable prices.

Jeb. 12, '59.-ly SMITH & ATKINSON'

NATIONAL HOTEL. Camden Street BALTIMORE, MD. NEARLY OPPOSITE BALTIMORE A D OHIO RAIL ROAD DEPOT.

P. J. BARTHOLOW, Proprieter. Through Passengers take Meals at the Astional FARE \$1.50 PER DAY. Feb. 12, '59.-6m. RIO AND JAVA COFFEE.

IN STORE some very choice RIO and OLD GOVERNMENT JAVA; also LAGUAYRA, MARACAIBO, ST. DOMINGO and MICHA COF-

FEE, which are confidently recommended to the lovers of this delightful beverage. 5(10 CHESTS BLACK
AND GREEN TEAS
Of late importations, selected with great
care for this market. The fifty and seventy five

cent Teas are invariably guaranteed to give satis faction or the money refunded. FINEST QUALITIES OF TEAS IMPORTED BROWN AND WHITE SUGAR -A com-

iete assortment constantly on hand.

JOHN C. CIVENS, at THE CHINAMAN'S TEA STORE, Nos. 37 and 39 Baltimore st. February 12, 1859.—6m.

ATTENTION GUARD Y OU are ordered to parade in front of the Market House, on TUESDAY. morning, the 22d of February, at 11

A. M., with 26 Round Blank Cartriges. By Order of the Captain.

E.R. HARRELL O. S. Feb. 10, 1859.